

The boundedness of a class of fractional type rough higher order commutators on vanishing generalized weighted Morrey spaces

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Abstract

Let $\Omega \in L_s(S^{n-1})$, $1 < s \leq \infty$. Ω is the function defined on $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}$ satisfying the homogeneous of degree zero condition, that is,

$$\Omega(\lambda x) = \Omega(x) \text{ for any } \lambda > 0, x \in \mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}$$

and the integral zero property (=the vanishing moment condition) over the unit sphere S^{n-1} , that is,

$$\int_{S^{n-1}} \Omega(x') d\sigma(x') = 0,$$

where $x' = \frac{x}{|x|}$ for any $x \neq 0$.

In this talk, we consider the following higher order (= k -th order) commutator operators of rough fractional integral and maximal operators,

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\Omega, \alpha}^{A, k} f(x) &= T_{\Omega, \alpha} \left((A(x) - A(\cdot))^k f(\cdot) \right) (x), \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \\ &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{\Omega(x-y)}{|x-y|^{n-\alpha}} (A(x) - A(y))^k f(y) dy \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} M_{\Omega, \alpha}^{A, k} f(x) &= M_{\Omega, \alpha} \left((A(x) - A(\cdot))^k f(\cdot) \right) (x), \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \\ &= \sup_{r>0} \frac{1}{r^{n-\alpha}} \int_{|x-y|<r} |\Omega(x-y)| |A(x) - A(y)|^k |f(y)| dy. \end{aligned}$$

Inspired of [1], the aim of the present paper is to study the boundedness of the operators $T_{\Omega, \alpha}^{A, k}$ and $M_{\Omega, \alpha}^{A, k}$ generated by $T_{\Omega, \alpha}$ and $M_{\Omega, \alpha}$ with a BMO functions on vanishing generalized weighted Morrey spaces, respectively. That is, in this study we will consider this problem.

Key Words: Fractional type higher order (= k -th order) commutator operators, Rough kernel, $A\left(\frac{p}{s'}, \frac{q}{s'}\right)$ weight, Vanishing generalized weighted Morrey space.

References

- [1] F. Gürbüz, On the behavior of a class of fractional type rough higher order commutators on generalized weighted Morrey spaces, J. Coupled Syst. Multiscale Dyn., 6 (2018), 191-198.