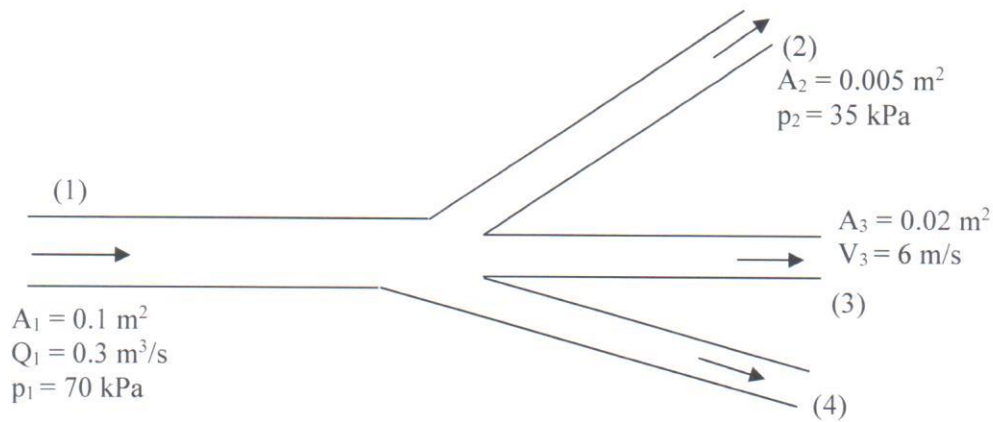


36) Water flows through the horizontal pipe shown in the figure at rate of $0.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. If viscous effects are negligible, determine the water speed at section (2), the pressure at section (3), and the flow rate at section (4).



Solution:

$$V_1 = \frac{Q_1}{A_1} = \frac{0.3}{0.1} = 3 \text{ m/s}$$

Energy equation between section 1 and section 2

$$\frac{p_1}{\gamma} + z_1 + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} = \frac{p_2}{\gamma} + z_2 + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + h_L$$

$$\frac{70}{9.81} + 0 + \frac{3^2}{19.62} = \frac{35}{9.81} + 0 + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + 0$$

$$V_2 = 8.889 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q_2 = V_2 A_2 = 8.889 \times 0.005 = 0.0445 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Energy equation between section 1 and section 3

$$\frac{p_1}{\gamma} + z_1 + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} = \frac{p_3}{\gamma} + z_3 + \frac{V_3^2}{2g} + h_L$$

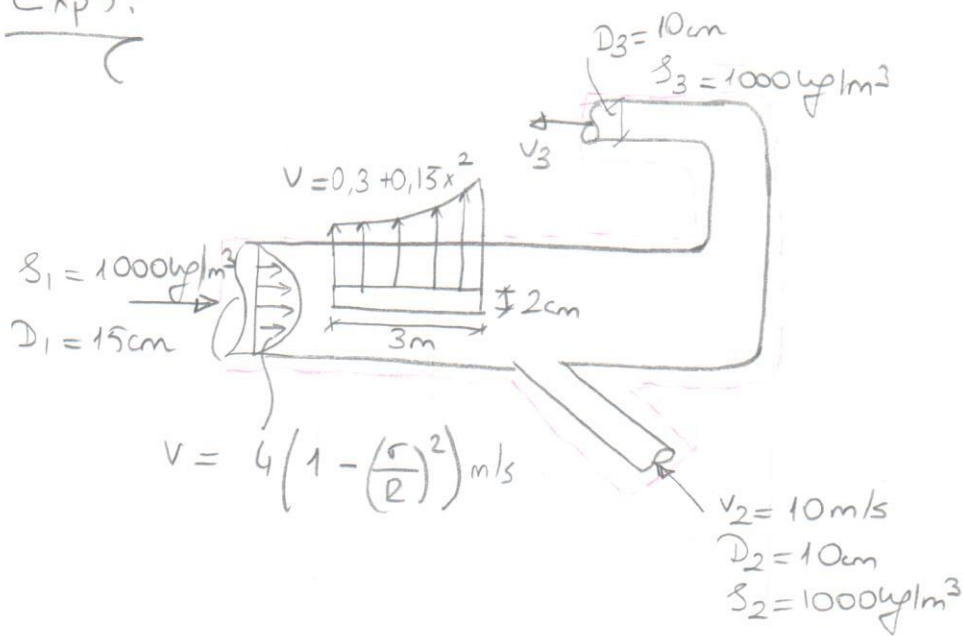
$$\frac{70}{9.81} + 0 + \frac{3^2}{19.62} = \frac{p_3}{\gamma} + 0 + \frac{6^2}{19.62} + 0$$

$$\frac{p_3}{\gamma} = 5.759 \text{ m} ; p_3 = 56.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$Q_3 = V_3 A_3 = 6 \times 0.02 = 0.12 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$Q_4 = Q_1 - Q_2 - Q_3 = 0.3 - 0.0445 - 0.12 = 0.1355 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Exp 5:



Determine V_3 !

Soln:

$$V_{\text{ort}} = \frac{\int V dA}{A} = \frac{\int V 2\pi r dr}{\pi R^2}$$

$$V_{\text{ort}} = \frac{\int_0^{0.075} 4\left(1 - \left(\frac{r}{2}\right)^2\right) 2\pi r dr}{\pi (0.075)^2} = \frac{\int_0^{0.075} 8\pi \left(r - \frac{r^3}{0.075^2}\right) dr}{\pi 0.075^2}$$

$$= \frac{8\pi}{\pi (0.075)^2} \left[\frac{r^2}{2} - \frac{r^4}{4(0.075)^2} \right]_0^{0.075} \Rightarrow V_{\text{ort}} = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

Continuity:

$$V_{\text{ort}} A_1 + V_2 A_2 = \int_{x=0}^{x=3} (0.3 + 0.15x^2) 0.02 dx + V_3 A_3$$

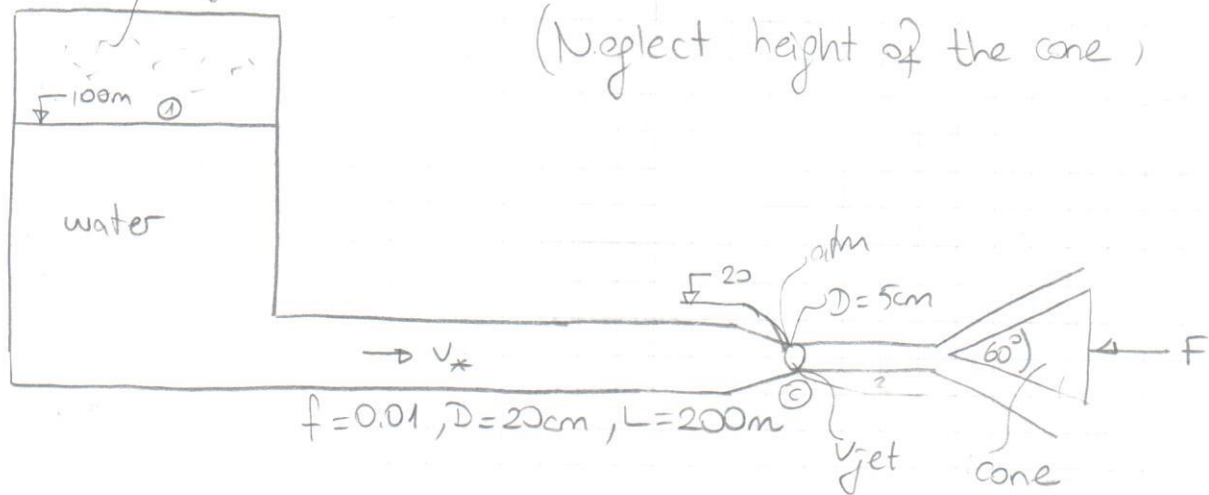
$$2\pi (0.075)^2 + 10\pi (0.1)^2/4 = 0.045 + V_3 \pi \frac{0.1^2}{4} \Rightarrow V_3 = 8.77 \text{ m/s}$$

Exp 4:

$$p_{\text{gas}} = 49,05 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Determine $F = ?$

(Neglect height of the cone)



Soln:

Energy equation between ① & ②

$$\frac{v_1^2}{2g} + \frac{p_1}{\gamma} + z_1 = \frac{v_c^2}{2g} + \frac{p_c}{\gamma} + z_c + f \frac{L}{D} \frac{v_*^2}{2g}$$

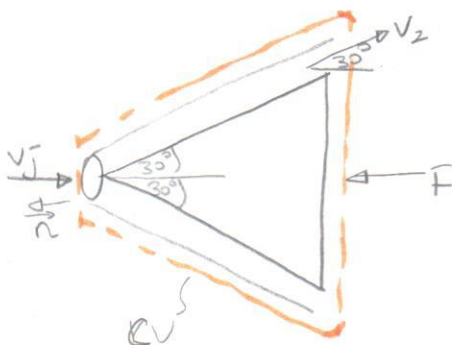
$$\frac{49050}{9810} + 100 = \frac{v_c^2}{2g} + 20 + 0,01 \frac{200}{0,2} \frac{v_*^2}{2g}$$

$$Q_* = Q_c$$

$$v_* \pi \frac{0,2^2}{4} = v_c \pi \frac{0,05^2}{4} \Rightarrow v_* = 0,0625 v_c$$

$$85 = \frac{1,0390625 v_c^2}{19,62} \Rightarrow v_c = 40,04 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_c = v_{\text{jet}}$$



Momentum in x-direction

$$-F = -\underbrace{\rho v_1^+ v_1^-}_{Q_1} A_1 + \underbrace{\rho v_2^+ v_2^-}_{Q_2} A_2 \cos 30^\circ$$

$$Q_1 = Q_2 \Rightarrow v_1 A_1 = v_2 A_2$$

$$Q = 40,04 \pi \frac{(0,05)^2}{4} = 0,079 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$-F = -1000 \times 40,04 \times 0,079 + 1000 \times 40,04 \cos 30^\circ \times 0,079$$

$$F = 423,99 \text{ N}$$